

# **ANNUAL REPORT**For the Year Ended 30 June 2017

PM Capital Australian Companies Fund is a Registered Scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001* (ARSN 092 434 467).

PM Capital Limited (ABN 69 083 644 731), the Scheme's Responsible Entity, is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its principal place of business is:

PM Capital Limited, Level 27, 420 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000

A description of the nature of the Scheme's operations and its principal activities is included in the directors' report.

## PM CAPITAL AUSTRALIAN COMPANIES FUND ANNUAL REPORT

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2017

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### PM Capital Limited (ABN 69 083 644 731) as Responsible Entity for the PM Capital Australian Companies Fund ("the Fund")

The directors of PM Capital Limited submit the financial report of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2017.

The directors of PM Capital Limited authorised the financial report for issue on 25<sup>th</sup> September 2017. The directors of PM Capital Limited have the power to amend and reissue the financial report. PM Capital has relied on the New Zealand Financial Reporting Act 1993 (Australian Issuers) Exemption Notice 2013 in respect of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017.

#### Directors

The following persons were directors of the Responsible Entity during the whole of the financial year, and up to the date of this report (unless otherwise stated):

Paul Moore Jarod Dawson Benjamin Skilbeck

#### Principal activities of the Fund

The principal activity of the Fund was investing in companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

#### **Review of operations**

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	<b>2017</b> \$	<b>2016</b> \$
Operating revenue / (loss)	9,365,140	(1,181,766)
Operating expenses Finance costs Total expenses	1,330,912 78,021 1,408,933	589,170 97,612 686,782
Profit / (loss) for the year	7,956,207	(1,868,548)

Please refer to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for further details.

#### Distributions

Accounting and tax distributions for the financial year were \$1,170,637 (2016: \$963,936).

#### State of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the Fund's state of affairs during the financial year.

#### Events subsequent to balance date

During the next six months it is expected that prime-broking and asset custody services for the Fund will transition from UBS AG and UBS Nominees Pty Limited (respectively) to Morgan Stanley International plc.

Other than the change in prime-broking and asset custody services, no matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund in subsequent financial years.

#### Likely developments

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

#### Indemnification of officers

The Responsible Entity has indemnified its directors and officers, including members of the Compliance Committee, for any actions that may arise as a result of acting in their capacity as directors and officers of the Responsible Entity in respect of:

- a) Liability to third parties when acting in good faith; and
- b) Costs and expenses of defending legal proceedings and ancillary matters.

The terms of the policy preclude disclosure of the premium.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and Investment Manager out of Fund Property

The fees paid to the Responsible Entity were \$261,299 (2016: \$267,035) and to the Investment Manager were \$1,034,115 (2016: \$275,255). Refer to Notes 8(a) and 10 to the financial statements.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates
As at the end of the financial year, 603,433 units in the Fund were held by the Responsible Entity and its related parties. Refer to Note 10 of the financial statements.

#### Interests in the Fund issued during the financial year

The movement in unitholder funds during the year is disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and is derived using the basis set out in Note 1 to the financial statements.

#### Number of interests in the Fund as at the end of the financial year

There were 16,547,732 units on issue at the end of the financial year with a further 194,231 units pending issue as a result of the reinvestment of the 30 June 2017 income distribution.

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 3.

Signed at Sydney this 25<sup>th</sup> day of September 2017, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors by:

Benjamin Skilbeck Director

PM Capital Limited

25<sup>th</sup> September 2017



#### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

#### To the directors of PM Capital Limited:

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of PM Capital Australian Companies Fund for the year ended 30 June 2017, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to (a) the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Sydney, NSW 25 September 2017 **D K Swindells Partner** 

## RESPONSIBLE ENTITY'S DECLARATION TO THE UNITHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 1. In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund:
  - (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 5 to 18 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
    - (i) complying with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
    - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2. The notes to the financial statements include a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of PM Capital Limited (ABN 69 083 644 731) as Responsible Entity for the PM Capital Australian Companies Fund.

Benjamin Skilbeck Director

PM Capital Limited

25<sup>th</sup> September 2017

## STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	<b>2017</b> \$	<b>2016</b> \$
Revenue Dividends Interest Gains/(Losses) on investments at fair value through profit or loss Gains/(Losses) on foreign exchange Other revenue	7	1,171,475 389,821 7,729,672 74,172	1,424,600 338,111 (2,836,959) (111,200) 3,682
Total revenue/(loss)		9,365,140	(1,181,766)
Expenses Fees paid to the Responsible Entity Fees for outsourced functions Finance costs Transaction costs Other operating expenses	8(a), 10 8(a), 10	261,299 1,034,115 78,021 33,355 2,143	267,035 275,255 97,612 44,447 2,433
Total expenses		1,408,933	686,782
Profit/(Loss) for the year		7,956,207	(1,868,548)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		7,956,207	(1,868,548)
Distributions to unitholders		(1,170,637)	(963,936)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	6	6,785,570	(2,832,484)

The Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	<b>2017</b> \$	2016 \$
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments - Listed credit and equity securities Investments - Unlisted convertible notes Investments - Swap deposits and margin accounts Receivables  Total assets	3 2(e)(iii) 2(e)(iii) 4	3,039,154 31,854,851 902,310 16,662 266,895 36,079,872	1,550,959 37,149,242 125,000 622,113 489,786 <b>39,937,100</b>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Interest bearing liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Payables	3 2(e)(iii) 5	1,885,240 5,670 831,416	7,807,309 244,834 658,405
Total liabilities excluding net assets attributable to unitholders		2,722,326	8,710,548
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	6	33,357,546	31,226,552

The Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		<b>2017</b> \$	<b>2016</b> \$
Total equity at the beginning of the year Profit/(Loss) for the year		- -	-
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	-	
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners  Total equity at the end of the year	_		<u>-</u>

Under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation,* net assets attributable to unitholders is classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result there was no equity at the start or end of the year.

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with Note 6.

The Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Dividends received		1,404,457	1,278,650
Interest received		395,518	329,616
Fees paid to the Responsible Entity		(261,861)	(269,534)
Fees for outsourced functions		(1,017,826)	(275,255)
Interest paid		(78,021)	(101,133)
Other operating receipts		<del>-</del>	3,682
Other operating payments		(51,286)	(1,010)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	9	390,981	965,016
and the second second second			
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments		21,555,930	13,152,436
Purchase of investments		(8,831,809)	(12,358,200)
Purchase of investments		(0,031,003)	(12,330,200)
Net cash inflow from investing activities		12,724,121	794,236
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net redemptions		(5,041,467)	(1,702,400)
Cash distributions		(626,462)	(128,213)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(5,667,929)	(1,830,613)
Impact of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(36,909)	118,661
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,410,264	47,300
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		(6,256,350)	(6,303,650)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3	1,153,914	(6,256,350)

The Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

PM Capital Australian Companies Fund ("the Fund") was constituted on 20 January 2000. Since that date, eight amended constitutions have been executed, the dates of each amendment being: 3 May 2001, 11 February 2002, 21 October 2002, 19 June 2006, 16 March 2009, 12 March 2012, 29 June 2012, and 10 October 2014. The Fund will terminate on 20 January 2080 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the requirements of the Constitution, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### (a) Investments

Investments held at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value including any transaction costs related to their acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are accounted for at fair value, with changes to such values recognised in profit or loss.

Details of how the Fund values its investments are shown in Note 2(e).

Investments are recognised on a trade date basis.

#### (b) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions during the year denominated in foreign currency have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Overseas investments and currency, together with any accrued income, are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in profit or loss. Net exchange gains and losses arising on the revaluation of investments are included in Gains/(Losses) on investments at fair value through profit or loss.

Hedging may be undertaken in order to avoid or minimise possible adverse financial effects of movements in exchange rates. Hedging gains or losses are included in profit or loss, as part of Gains/(Losses) on foreign exchange.

#### (c) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided that taxable income (including assessable capital gains) is fully distributed to unitholders.

The unit price of the Fund is based upon the net fair value of underlying assets and thus may include a share of unrealised capital gains.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

The Fund currently has withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in profit or loss. The benefits of imputation credits and withholding tax are passed on to unitholders.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (d) Goods and services tax ("GST")

The Fund is registered for GST and currently claims 75% or 55% of the GST incurred depending on the nature of the expense. The unclaimable portion is written off as an expense.

#### (e) Revenue and expenses

Revenue and expenses are brought to account on the accrual basis. Changes in the net fair value of investments are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (f) Distributions

Distributions to unitholders comprise the distributable income of the Fund. The distributions are payable at the end of June each year. If the unitholder has elected to reinvest, the amount to be reinvested is not recorded as a payable. Amounts payable in cash at balance date are recorded as a current liability.

#### (g) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within Interest bearing liabilities in Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### (h) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and securities sold. Dividends are receivable when they have been declared and are legally payable. Interest is accrued at the balance date from the time of last payment. Amounts receivable for securities sold are recorded when a sale has occurred.

#### (i) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for amounts owing by the Fund at year end which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### (j) Portfolio valuation

The Fund calculates its net asset value daily for purposes of unit applications and redemptions. The net asset value of the Fund is calculated by deducting from the value of the Fund's gross assets the value of the liabilities of the Fund, excluding net assets attributable to unitholders.

#### (k) Derivative financial instruments

The Fund may invest in financial derivatives. Derivative financial instruments are accounted for on the same basis as the underlying investment exposure. Gains and losses relating to financial derivatives are included in profit or loss as part of Gains/(Losses) on Investments at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (I) New accounting standards not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2017 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Fund. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations (to the extent relevant to the Fund) is set out below:

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments (and applicable amendments) (effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It has now also introduced revised rules around hedge accounting and impairment. The Standard is available for early adoption. The directors do not expect this Standard to have a significant impact on the recognition and measurement of the Fund's financial instruments as they are carried at fair value through profit or loss, and will remain so under the new Standard.

There are no other standards that have been issued that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Financial risk management

#### (a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities are exposed to different types of financial risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund may employ derivative financial instruments to hedge these risk exposures in order to minimise the effects of these risks. The use of derivatives is an essential part of proper portfolio management and is not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes, but is not limited to:

- hedging to protect an asset of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or foreign exchange rates or to reduce volatility;
- as a substitute for physical securities;
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy; and
- adjusting the interest rate duration of fixed interest securities.

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate. These fluctuations can be caused by market volatility, interest rate volatility, economic cycles, political events and levels of economic growth, both global and domestic. The Fund is materially exposed to one type of market risk, namely price risk. Market risk exposures are assessed and managed through employing established investment strategies.

The Fund has a focused portfolio and, due to the concentrated nature of the Fund's investments, considerable short term volatility may be experienced. The Fund may also short specific securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, are overvalued. All of the portfolio positions are subject to research and peer group review and if appropriate opportunities cannot be found the Fund will hold cash until new opportunities arise. Leverage may be used on what is judged by the Investment Manager as a prudent basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. As part of its risk management strategy, the Fund uses futures, options and forward currency contracts to manage exposures resulting from changes in interest rates, foreign currencies, credit spreads and equity price risks.

#### (i) Foreign currency risk

Of the net assets of the Fund, \$27,562,578, or 83% (2016: \$27,346,490 or 88%) is denominated in Australian Dollars. Any reasonably possible changes in foreign currency will not have a material impact on the equity or profit or loss of the Fund.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Of the assets (liabilities), on a net basis, \$5,141,530 (2016: \$3,153,400) is exposed directly to interest rate risk. Any reasonably possible change in interest rates will not have a material impact on the equity or profit or loss of the Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Market risk (continued)

#### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate, whether those changes are specifically related to an individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund is exposed to price risk for its investments in both listed and unlisted securities. The price risk of a security is dependent upon the financial circumstances of the companies in which the securities are purchased, including their profits, earnings and cash flows. The return on a security's investment may also be affected by the quality of company management, the general health of the sector in which it operates and government policy.

In cases where financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, future prices will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Refer to Note 2(b)(i) for foreign currency risk. Securities present a risk of loss of capital.

The Investment Manager's security selection process is fundamental to exposure to price risk. Whilst the ASX 200 is used in measuring relative performance of the Fund, risk in the view of the Investment Manager is not limited to relative performance versus a benchmark, but more so the prospect of losing money (i.e. absolute returns) over the long term. The Fund seeks a diversified range of investments whose business and growth prospects are being undervalued by the market. As a result, the Fund's securities holdings vary considerably from the composition of the index.

The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

The Fund's net exposure to listed credit and equity securities as at 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016 is set out below:

Industry Groups	2017 \$	2016 \$
Financials	21,195,223	27,843,679
Information Technology	3,664,850	3,655,141
Consumer Discretionary	3,019,153	2,573,310
Industrials	2,938,224	3,077,112
Health care	1,037,400	-
Total	31,854,851	37,149,242

#### Price sensitivity

The directors of PM Capital Limited believe that it is errant to try to estimate future returns. Market returns can be somewhat volatile and returns from year to year can have a fairly wide variance. As such, PM Capital Limited uses a sensitivity analysis that directors consider is more commensurate with the risk profile of the Fund.

As at reporting date, if the listed credit and equity security prices had increased/(decreased) by 5% [2016: 5%] with all other variables being constant, this would have increased/(decreased) the net assets attributable to unitholders by approximately +/(-) \$1,592,743 [2016: +/(-) \$1,857,462].

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty or issuer will fail to perform contractual obligations (i.e. default in either whole or part) under a contract causing the Fund to make a financial loss.

Market prices generally incorporate credit assessments into valuations, and risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of assets and liabilities as they are marked to market at balance date.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (continued)

The total credit risk for assets including fixed income and equity securities is therefore limited to the amount carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Investment Manager minimises the Fund's concentrations of credit risk by adopting a number of procedures, including the following:

- Undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties on recognised and reputable exchanges; and
- Ensuring that OTC counterparties are approved, enter into appropriate contractual documentation, and in some cases provide collateral to fulfill obligations to which they are liable.

The contractual credit risk of assets is represented by the net payments or receipts that remain outstanding, and the cost of replacing the derivative position in the event of a counterparty default. There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired as at balance date.

An analysis of the credit risk exposure by ratings of the counterparties for the Fund's holdings of unlisted and listed credit securities is set out in the table below.

	2017	2016
Rating (S&P)	<b>\$</b>	\$

#### **Unlisted credit securities**

These are classified as current assets despite their maturity dates, as the assets are held for trading.

Fixed rate bonds, floating rate notes and swaps, and other interest-bearing instruments that have a maturity date beyond the next twelve months:

Total unlisted credit securities	Not Rated	902,310 <b>902,310</b>	125,000 <b>125,000</b>
Listed credit securities			
	A+/(-) BBB	1,435,051 1,633,593	2,029,904 1,376,167
	BBB +/(-)	· · · -	892,918
	Not Rated		3,580,523
Total listed credit securities		3,068,644	7,879,512

Listed credit securities are included within listed credit and equity securities in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

Total listed credit and equity securities	31,854,851	37,149,242
Listed equity securities	28,786,207	29,269,730
Listed credit securities	3,068,644	7,879,512

The Responsible Entity has appointed UBS AG ("UBS") as Prime broker and UBS Nominees Pty Limited as Custodian to the Fund. UBS, through its Australian branch, is authorised to carry on banking business in Australia by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority subject to certain conditions under *subsection 9(4)* of the *Banking Act 1959* and is licensed as an Australian Financial Services Licensee pursuant to *section 913B* of the *Corporations Act 2001* subject to the conditions of that licence. As at the date of this report, UBS has a credit rating of A+ (S&P) for long term and a rating of A-1 for short term debt.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (continued)

The terms of the Prime Broker Agreement provide that UBS may utilise custodial assets for its own lending and financing purposes (including to borrow, lend, charge, re-hypothecate, and dispose of) up to, but not exceeding, 140% of the value of the Fund's outstanding liabilities with UBS. These assets are owned by UBS in its Prime Broker capacity and may be available to third party creditors of the Prime Broker in the event of the insolvency of the Prime Broker. Under the terms of the Prime Broker Agreement, UBS is contractually obliged to return to the Fund the equivalent custodial assets irrespective of what transpires between it and any third party with whom UBS has transacted. Cash holdings with UBS are not subject to this arrangement.

All other custodial assets not subject to the Prime Broking arrangement outlined above are held by UBS Nominees Pty Limited in its capacity as a Custodian in a seggregated asset pool, as is required by the Custody Agreement.

As at balance date, the maximum value of the Fund's gross assets available to UBS for its lending and financing activities is \$2,639,336 (2016: \$10,930,233). This is the maximum value available to UBS; however, the actual amount utilised by UBS may be less. Under the Prime Broker arrangements in place, the amount does not require disclosure by UBS. The maximum net exposure to the Prime Broking activities of UBS, after offsetting the Fund's outstanding liabilities with UBS, approximates \$754,096 (2016: \$3,122,924) as at balance date.

The credit position of the Fund is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. This risk is mitigated through investing sufficient funds in cash and in instruments that are tradeable in liquid markets, and that are readily convertible to cash to meet daily operating requirements.

The Constitution of the Fund provides for the daily application and redemption of units, therefore it is exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions at any time. The Constitution of the Fund also allows borrowing from its prime broker, UBS, Australian Branch, to take account of opportunities that may exist in the market.

The Fund's liquidity position is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

#### (e) Fair value measurements

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

#### (i) Fair value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and listed equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (e) Fair value measurements (continued)

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are valued with reference to external third party pricing information. These assets and liabilities include: options, swaps and currency contracts.

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements
The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016:

2017	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed credit and equity securities	31,854,851	-	-	31,854,851
Unlisted convertible notes	902,310		-	902,310
	32,757,161	-	_	32,757,161
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or				
loss				
Options	-	5,670	-	5,670
	-	5,670	-	5,670
2016				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed credit and equity securities	37,149,242	-	_	37,149,242
Unlisted convertible notes	125,000	_	-	125,000
	37,274,242	-	-	37,274,242
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or				
loss				
Options	-	107,872	-	107,872
Swaps	-	64,406	-	64,406
Currency contracts	-	72,556		72,556
_	_	244,834		244,834

(iv) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(v) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value The carrying values of trade receivables, trade payables, swap deposits and margin accounts are assumed to approximate their fair values.

3.	Cash and cash equivalents and interest bearing liabilities	2017 \$	<b>2016</b> \$
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank (Custodian)	3,039,154	1,550,959
	Interest bearing liabilities Overdraft at Custodian	(1,885,240) <b>1,153,914</b>	(7,807,309) ( <b>6,256,350</b> )

Cash at bank (Custodian) is a cash facility offered by the Custodian.

Cash overdraft at Custodian is a cash facility offered by the Custodian. The Custodian in its role as Prime Broker has been granted a floating charge over the assets of the Fund to secure any liabilities to the Prime Broker.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

		<b>2017</b> \$	2016 \$
4.	Receivables		
	Dividends receivable Interest receivable GST and Tax credits	239,907 4,047 22,941 <b>266,895</b>	472,889 9,744 7,153 <b>489,786</b>
5.	Payables		
	Unitholders' redemptions and distributions Accruals	783,746 47,670 <b>831,416</b>	626,462 31,943 <b>658,405</b>
6.	Changes in Net assets attributable to unitholders		
	Opening balance Applications Redemptions Reinvestments Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	31,226,552 2,044,425 (7,085,890) 386,889 6,785,570	35,315,969 2,368,065 (3,962,472) 337,474 (2,832,484)
	Net assets attributable to unitholders per statement of financial position Less distribution reinvestments	33,357,546 (386,889)	31,226,552 (337,474)
	Net assets attributable to unitholders as defined in the Constitution	32,970,657	30,889,078
	Number of units on issue at year end	16,547,732	19,077,904
	Net assets value per unit at year end	\$1.9925	\$1.6191

#### Capital risk management

The Fund manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The value of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund manages its redemption requirements through maintaining either a level of cash and cash equivalents or borrowing capacity to meet daily operating requirements. The Fund's Constitution allows borrowing from its prime broker, UBS, to meet operating requirements where needed.

		2017 \$	2016 \$
7.	Gains / (Losses) on investments at fair value through profit or loss		
	Listed credit and equity securities	7,641,928	(2,458,368)
	Futures and options	32,723	213,520
	Unlisted credit securities and swaps	55,021	(592,111)
	·	7,729,672	(2,836,959)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 8. Expenses

#### (a) Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and Fees for outsourced functions

The following fees are charged by the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager:

- (i) Management fees; and
- (ii) Performance fees.

These fees are paid at rates which, after the Fund recovers the GST related to the payments, results in a cost to the Fund at the rates noted below.

#### Management fees

Management fees at a rate of 1.09% per annum of the capital invested in the Fund, are assessed and payable on a monthly basis.

The management fee is remitted as follows:

- (i) 0.79% (2016: 0.79%) to the Responsible Entity for responsible entity and administration services; and
- (ii) 0.3% (2016: 0.3%) to the Investment Manager.

#### Performance fees

The performance fee of the Fund is equal to 20% p.a. of any investment return on each unit in the Fund in excess of the Reserve Bank of Australia cash rate that prevails at the commencement of a performance fee period, subject to a "high water mark", and after taking into account the management fee.

The performance fee is remitted to the Investment Manager.

Further details of the calculation of these fees can be found in the current offer document. Refer to Note 10 for further details.

2017

2016

(b) Auditor's remuneration		\$	\$
Audit and review of the finance	cial reports	40,534	39,583
Other services		11,546	7,000
		52,080	46,583

The auditor's remuneration is an expense of the Responsible Entity. Other services comprise income tax compliance and other compliance services.

		<b>2017</b> \$	<b>2016</b> \$		
9.	Reconciliation of Profit / (Loss) for the year to net cash flows from operating activities				
	Profit/(Loss) for the year	7,956,207	(1,868,548)		
	(Gains)/Losses on investments at fair value through profit or loss	(7,729,672)	2,836,959		
	(Gains)/Losses on foreign exchange	(74,172)	111,200		
	Transaction costs	• • •	44,447		
	Changes in assets and liabilities		•		
	Decrease/(Increase) in receivables	222,891	(153,021)		
	Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	15,727	(6,021)		
	Net cash flows from operating activities	390,981	965,016		

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

#### 10. Related party transactions

Details of fees and other expenses paid to the Responsible Entity are set out in Note 8(a) and in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Details of fees and other expenses paid to the Investment Manager are set out in Note 8(a) and are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The Investment Manager (being MAPP Pty Ltd as trustee for MAPP Trust) is a Corporate Authorised Representative of PM Capital Limited, and is controlled by the same entities or parties that control PM Capital Limited.

#### Key management personnel ("KMP")

The Fund does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Fund and this is considered the KMP. The directors of the Responsible Entity are key management personnel of that entity and their names are Paul Moore, Jarod Dawson and Benjamin Skilbeck.

During the year, the Fund expensed an amount of \$261,299 (2016: \$267,035) as fees paid or payable to the Responsible Entity and as at balance date an amount of \$22,137 (2016: \$22,699) owing to the Responsible Entity is included in accruals and is interest free.

Also during the year, the Fund expensed an amount of \$1,034,115 (2016: \$275,255) as fees paid or payable to the Investment Manager and as at balance date an amount of \$25,533 (2016: \$9,244) owing to the Investment Manager is included in accruals and is interest free.

No compensation is paid directly by the Fund to any of the key management personnel of the Responsible Entity.

#### **Number of investment interests held**

All transactions with related parties are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions, with the exception of management fee rebates to certain related parties by the Responsible Entity, which has the effect of increasing distributions paid to these related parties where an election is made to re-invest the rebate. The reimbursement is then included in other income by the Fund. From time to time the Responsible Entity may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors.

Investment interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its related parties are as follows:

	Opening Units Held (Units)	Number of Units Acquired (Units)	Number of Units Redeemed (Units)	Units Acquired via Distributions Reinvestments (Units)	Closing Units Held (Units)	Distributions paid/payable By the Fund (\$)
2017	585,172	-	-	18,261	603,433	43,051
2016	-	585,172	-		585,172	29,567

#### 11. Events subsequent to balance date

During the next six months it is expected that prime-broking and asset custody services for the Fund will transition from UBS AG and UBS Nominees Pty Limited (respectively) to Morgan Stanley International plc.

Other than the change in prime-broking and asset custody services, no matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund in subsequent financial years.



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the members of PM Capital Australian Companies Fund:

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of PM Capital Australian Companies Fund ("the Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration of the Responsible Entity, PM Capital Limited, for the Fund.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### HLB Mann Judd (NSW Partnership) ABN 34 482 821 289

Level 19 207 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia | DX 10313 SSE | Telephone +61 (0)2 9020 4000 | Fax +61 (0)2 9020 4190 Email: mailbox@hlbnsw.com.au | Website: www.hlb.com.au

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)**

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Responsible Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)**

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

**HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants** 

Sydney, NSW 26 September 2017 D K Swindells Partner