

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND

**Annual Report
For the Year Ended 30 June 2024**

PM Capital Global Companies Fund is a Registered Scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001* (ARSN 092 434 618).

PM Capital Limited (ABN 69 083 644 731), the Scheme's Responsible Entity, is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its principal place of business is:

PM Capital Limited,
Level 11,
68 York Street,
Sydney NSW 2000

A description of the nature of the Scheme's operations and its principal activities is included in the directors' report.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
ANNUAL REPORT
For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

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**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
DIRECTORS' REPORT**

**PM Capital Limited (ABN 69 083 644 731) as Responsible Entity
for the PM Capital Global Companies Fund ("the Fund")**

The directors of PM Capital Limited ("PM Capital") submit the financial report of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2024.

The directors of PM Capital Limited authorised the financial report for issue on 26 September 2024. The directors of PM Capital Limited have the power to amend and reissue the financial report. PM Capital has relied on the New Zealand Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013, Financial Markets Conduct (Overseas FMC Reporting Entities) Exemption Notice 2021 in respect of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the Responsible Entity ("RE") during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Brendan O'Connor	(appointed on 20 December 2023)
Ian Cameron	(appointed on 20 December 2023)
Rebecca Fesq	(appointed on 30 June 2024)
Benjamin Skilbeck	(resigned on 30 June 2024)
Paul Moore	(resigned on 20 December 2023)
Jarod Dawson	(resigned on 20 December 2023)

Principal activities of the Fund

The principal activity of the Fund was investing in companies listed on globally recognised stock exchanges.

Review of operations

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Operating revenue	188,076,504	164,789,781
Operating expenses	16,281,569	12,305,524
Finance costs	1,285,807	-
Total expenses	17,567,376	12,305,524
Profit for the year	170,509,128	152,484,257

Please refer to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for further details.

Distributions

No distributions were paid or payable to unitholders during the period (2023: \$nil).

State of affairs

PM Capital became a wholly owned subsidiary of ASX-listed Regal Partners Limited (ASX:RPL, ACN 129 188 450) on 20 December 2023 as a result of Regal Partners Limited acquiring 100% of the issued share capital of PM Capital. PM Capital continues in its capacity as the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

On 20 December 2023, MAPP Pty Limited as trustee for the MAPP Trust ("MAPP") ceased to be the Investment Manager of the Fund. Effective on 20 December 2023, PM Capital assumed investment management services of the Fund. All staff employed by MAPP on 20 December 2023 have accepted roles at PM Capital effective 20 December 2023.

During the year, the Fund created two new unit classes. Units in each of these new unit classes have been issued in July 2024.

There have been no other significant changes in the Fund's state of affairs during the financial year.

Events subsequent to balance date

Other than units issued as noted above no other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund in subsequent financial years.

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

Likely developments

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. During the year, the Fund created two new unit classes. Units in each of these new unit classes have been issued in July 2024.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification of officers

The Responsible Entity has indemnified its directors and officers, including members of the Compliance Committee, from any actions that may arise as a result of acting in their capacity as directors and officers of the Responsible Entity in respect of:

- a) Liability to third parties when acting in good faith; and
- b) Costs and expenses of defending legal proceedings and ancillary matters.

The terms of the policy preclude disclosure of the premium.

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and Investment Manager out of Fund property

The fees payable in respect of year ended 30 June 2024 to the Responsible Entity were \$11,086,087 (2023: \$4,797,783) and to the Investment Manager were \$4,707,852 (2023: \$6,903,292). Refer to Notes 8(a) and 11 to the financial statements.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its Associates

As at the end of the financial year, nil units (2023: nil) in the Fund were held by the Responsible Entity and its related parties. Refer to Note 11 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund issued during the financial year

The movement in unitholder funds during the year is disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and is derived using the basis set out in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Number of interests in the Fund as at the end of the financial year

There were 135,405,858 units on issue at the end of the financial year.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 3.

Signed at Sydney this 26th day of September 2024, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors, by:



Ian Cameron
Director
PM Capital Limited

26 September 2024

Auditor's Independence Declaration

To the directors of PM Capital Limited:

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of PM Capital Global Companies Fund for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Sydney, NSW
26 September 2024

S Grivas
Partner

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
RESPONSIBLE ENTITY'S DECLARATION TO THE UNITHOLDERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

1. In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund:

(a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 5 to 18 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(i) complying with Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and

(ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

2. The notes to the financial statements include a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of PM Capital Limited (ABN 69 083 644 731) as Responsible Entity for the PM Capital Global Companies Fund.



Ian Cameron
Director
PM Capital Limited

26 September 2024

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue			
Dividends and distributions		28,213,818	18,275,360
Interest		573,076	808,582
Gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	153,874,678	170,911,452
Gains/(losses) on foreign exchange		5,406,297	(25,348,325)
Other revenue		8,635	142,712
Total revenue		188,076,504	164,789,781
Expenses			
Fees paid to the Responsible Entity	8(a), 11	11,086,087	4,797,783
Fees for outsourced functions	8(a), 11	4,707,852	6,903,292
Finance costs		1,285,807	-
Transaction costs		399,619	489,950
Other operating expenses		88,011	114,499
Total expenses		17,567,376	12,305,524
Profit for the year		170,509,128	152,484,257
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		170,509,128	152,484,257

The Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	64,284,982	11,981,525
Investments - Listed equity and credit securities	2(e)(iii)	883,879,054	646,746,208
Investments - Currency forward contracts	2(e)(iii)	1,540,375	1,179,370
Investments - Futures	2(e)(iii)	623,040	-
Collateral accounts		3,002,483	9,702,446
Receivables	4	1,851,136	2,087,909
Total assets		955,181,070	671,697,458
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Interest bearing liabilities	3	8,003,169	36,668,581
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2(e)(iii)	219,002	3,226,500
Payables	5	6,472,919	4,787,349
Total liabilities		14,695,090	44,682,430
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	6	940,485,980	627,015,028

*The Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with
the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.*

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		627,015,028	474,554,736
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year		170,509,128	152,484,257
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		170,509,128	152,484,257
Transactions with unitholders for the year			
Applications		240,332,208	169,731,727
Redemptions		(97,370,384)	(169,755,692)
Total transactions with unitholders for the year		142,961,824	(23,965)
Total equity at the end of the financial year	6	940,485,980	627,015,028

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with Note 6.

*The Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with
the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.*

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Dividends and distributions received		28,583,702	18,145,656
Interest received		555,467	840,933
Other operating receipts		8,635	142,712
Fees paid to the Responsible Entity		(5,028,651)	(4,680,824)
Fees for outsourced functions		(9,038,377)	(2,698,363)
Interest paid		(1,327,148)	-
Other operating payments		(603,132)	(668,961)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	9	13,150,496	11,081,153
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of investments		113,888,692	89,990,119
Purchase of investments		(188,667,088)	(140,686,683)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(74,778,396)	(50,696,564)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net applications/(redemptions)		142,961,824	(23,965)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		142,961,824	(23,965)
Impact of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(365,055)	347,752
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		80,968,869	(39,291,624)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		(24,687,056)	14,604,568
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3	56,281,813	(24,687,056)

*The Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with
the Notes to the Financial Statements which follow.*

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

1. Summary of material accounting policies

PM Capital Global Companies Fund ("the Fund") was constituted on 28 October 1998 under a Trust Deed. Since that date, nine amended constitutions have been executed, the dates of each amendment being: 3 May 2001, 11 February 2002, 21 October 2002, 19 June 2006, 16 March 2009, 12 March 2012, 29 June 2012, 10 October 2014, and 26 June 2018. The Fund will terminate on 28 October 2078 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the requirements of the Constitution, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Comparative information is reclassified where appropriate to enhance comparability.

(a) Investments

Investments held at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value including any transaction costs related to their acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are accounted for at fair value, with changes to such values recognised in profit or loss.

Details of how the Fund values its investments are shown in Note 2(e). Investments are recognised on a trade date basis.

(b) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions during the year denominated in foreign currency have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Overseas investments and currency, together with any accrued income, are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in profit or loss. Net exchange gains and losses arising on the revaluation of investments are included in (Losses)/gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss.

Hedging may be undertaken in order to avoid or minimise possible adverse financial effects of movements in exchange rates. Hedging gains or losses are included in profit or loss, as part of (Losses)/gains on foreign exchange.

(c) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided that taxable income (including assessable capital gains) is attributed to unitholders under the AMIT regime.

The unit price of the Fund is based upon the net fair value of underlying assets and thus may include a share of unrealised capital gains.

Realised capital losses are not distributed/attribution to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. As at 30 June 2024 the Fund has \$81,967,236 of retained capital losses (2023: \$122,126,375). If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed/attribution to unitholders.

The Fund currently has withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in profit or loss. The benefits of imputation credits and withholding tax are passed on to unitholders.

(d) Goods and services tax ("GST")

The Fund is registered for GST and currently claims 95.00%, 75.00% or 57.36% (2023: 95.20%, 75.00% or 57.37%) of the GST incurred depending on the nature of the expense. The unclaimable portion is written off as an expense.

(e) Revenue and expenses

Revenue and expenses are brought to account on the accrual basis. Changes in the net fair value of investments are recognised in profit or loss.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(f) Distributions

Distributions to unitholders comprise the distributable income of the Fund. The distributions are payable at the end of June each year. If the unitholder has elected to reinvest, the amount to be reinvested is not recorded as a payable. Amounts payable in cash at balance date are recorded as a current liability. Distributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Equity as transactions with unitholders.

(g) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the relevant price.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria in AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss.

The Fund's units are classified as equity as they satisfy all the above criteria.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within Interest Bearing Liabilities in Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

(i) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and securities sold. Dividends are receivable when they have been declared and are legally payable. Interest is accrued at the balance date from the time of last payment. Amounts receivable for securities sold are recorded when a sale has occurred.

(j) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for amounts owing by the Fund at year end which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(k) Portfolio valuation

The Fund calculates its net asset value daily for purposes of unit applications and redemptions. The net asset value of the Fund is calculated by deducting from the value of the Fund's gross assets the value of the liabilities of the Fund, excluding net assets attributable to unitholders.

(l) Derivative financial instruments

The Fund may invest in financial derivatives. Derivative financial instruments are accounted for on the same basis as the underlying investment exposure. Gains and losses relating to financial derivatives are included in profit or loss as part of (Losses)/gains on investments held at fair value through profit or loss.

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)**

1. Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(m) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no new accounting standards and interpretations that have been published and have been adopted for the 30 June 2024 reporting year that are material to the financial statements.

(n) New accounting standard and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new accounting standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective for the 30 June 2024 reporting period and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. The directors' assessment of these new accounting standards and interpretations (to the extent relevant to the Fund) is that they are not expected to have a material effect on the amounts recognised in future financial statements of the Fund.

2. Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities are exposed to different types of financial risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund may employ derivative financial instruments to hedge these risk exposures in order to minimise the effects of these risks. The use of derivatives is an essential part of proper portfolio management and is not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes, but is not limited to:

- hedging to protect an asset of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or foreign exchange rates or to reduce volatility;
- as a substitute for physical securities;
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategies; and
- adjusting the interest rate duration of fixed interest securities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate. These fluctuations can be caused by market volatility, interest rate volatility, economic cycles, political events and levels of economic growth, both global and domestic. The Fund is materially exposed to two different types of market risks, namely foreign currency risk and price risk. Market risk exposures are assessed and managed through employing established investment strategies.

The Fund has a focused portfolio and, due to the concentrated nature of the Fund's investments, considerable short term volatility may be experienced. The Fund may also short specific securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, are overvalued. All of the portfolio positions are subject to research and peer group review and if appropriate opportunities cannot be found the Fund will hold cash until new opportunities arise. Leverage may be used on what is judged by the Investment Manager as a prudent basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. As part of its risk management strategy, The Fund may use futures, options and currency forward contracts to manage exposures resulting from changes in interest rates, foreign currencies, credit spreads and equity price risks.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial commitment, asset or liability will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency rates.

The Fund holds assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar (being the functional currency) and is therefore exposed to foreign currency risk when the value of assets denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to movements in exchange rates.

The Fund may enter into options, futures and foreign exchange forward contracts both to hedge the foreign exchange risk implicit in the value of portfolio securities denominated in foreign currency and to secure a particular exchange rate. The terms and conditions of these contracts rarely exceed one year. The currency position of the Fund is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The Fund's portfolio in different currencies as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 is summarised below:

	Australian Dollars A\$	US Dollars A\$	British Pounds A\$	Euro A\$	Other Currencies A\$	Total A\$
2024						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	41,451,452	22,426,234	-	-	407,296	64,284,982
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:						
Listed equity and credit securities	24,685,532	335,053,689	91,285,099	315,364,170	117,490,564	883,879,054
Currency forward contracts	656,031,784	(305,859,269)	(33,234,291)	(277,316,042)	(38,081,807)	1,540,375
Futures	-	623,040	-	-	-	623,040
Collateral accounts	-	3,002,483	-	-	-	3,002,483
Receivables	295,405	-	-	-	1,555,731	1,851,136
Total Assets	722,464,173	55,246,177	58,050,808	38,048,128	81,371,784	955,181,070
Liabilities						
Interest bearing liabilities	-	-	3,577,394	4,340,818	84,957	8,003,169
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:						
Options	166,805	52,197	-	-	-	219,002
Payables	6,472,919	-	-	-	-	6,472,919
Total Liabilities	6,639,724	52,197	3,577,394	4,340,818	84,957	14,695,090
Net assets attributable to unitholders	715,824,449	55,193,980	54,473,414	33,707,310	81,286,827	940,485,980
2023						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	11,601,855	379,670	-	-	11,981,525
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:						
Listed equity and credit securities	31,628,886	226,585,666	84,564,000	251,102,287	52,865,369	646,746,208
Currency forward contracts	512,982,201	(239,680,745)	(35,044,998)	(219,831,206)	(17,245,882)	1,179,370
Collateral accounts	-	9,702,446	-	-	-	9,702,446
Receivables	186,470	-	-	159,584	1,741,855	2,087,909
Total Assets	544,797,557	8,209,222	49,898,672	31,430,665	37,361,342	671,697,458
Liabilities						
Interest bearing liabilities	31,146,858	-	-	4,363,298	1,158,425	36,668,581
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:						
Futures	-	1,909,655	-	-	-	1,909,655
Options	-	1,316,845	-	-	-	1,316,845
Payables	4,787,349	-	-	-	-	4,787,349
Total Liabilities	35,934,207	3,226,500	-	4,363,298	1,158,425	44,682,430
Net assets attributable to unitholders	508,863,350	4,982,722	49,898,672	27,067,367	36,202,917	627,015,028

Foreign currency sensitivity

As at reporting date, had the Australian dollar weakened/(strengthened) by 5% (2023: 5%) against other currencies with all other variables held constant, the net assets attributable to unitholders would have been \$11,824,291 higher/(\$10,698,168) lower [2023: \$6,218,509 higher/(\$5,626,270) lower] net of currency forward contracts.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Of the assets/(liabilities), on a net basis, \$59,284,296 [2023: (\$14,984,610)] is exposed directly to interest rate risk. Any reasonably possible change in interest rates in respect of these assets will not have a material impact on the net assets attributable to unitholders or profit or loss of the Fund.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate, whether those changes are specifically related to an individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund is exposed to price risk for its investments in both listed and unlisted securities. The price risk of a security is dependent upon the financial circumstances of the company in which the security is purchased, including its profits, earnings and cash flows. The return on a security may also be affected by the quality of company management, the general health of the sector in which it operates and government policy. Securities present a risk of loss of capital.

In cases where financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, future prices will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Refer to Note 2(b)(i) for foreign currency risk.

The Investment Manager's security selection process is fundamental to exposure to price risk. Whilst the Morgan Stanley Capital International ('MSCI') Index is used in measuring relative performance of the Fund, risk in the view of the Investment Manager is not limited to relative performance versus a benchmark, but more so the prospect of losing money (i.e. absolute returns) over the long term. The Fund seeks a diversified range of investments whose business and growth prospects are being undervalued by the market. As a result, the Fund's securities holdings vary considerably from the composition of the index.

The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager. The Fund's net exposure to listed and unlisted securities as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 is summarised below:

Industry Groups / Sectors	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Banks	306,982,592	244,186,850
Consumer Discretionary	122,769,309	100,549,249
Energy	138,129,715	93,444,443
Industrials	81,396,600	80,785,123
Materials	134,333,286	67,686,320
Diversified Financials	47,335,312	49,579,115
Consumer Staples	19,638,148	10,863,417
Financials	9,858,031	7,748,637
Real Estate	7,245,082	6,297,528
Communication Services	12,681,822	(1,798,153)
Health Care	17,141,665	-
Information Technology	(13,632,508)	(12,596,321)
Total	883,879,054	646,746,208

Price sensitivity

The directors of PM Capital Limited ("PM Capital") believe that it is errant to try to estimate future returns. Market returns can be somewhat volatile and returns from year to year can have a fairly wide variance. As such, PM Capital uses a sensitivity analysis that directors consider is more commensurate with the risk profile of the Fund.

As at reporting date, if listed and unlisted security prices had increased/(decreased) by 5% [2023: 5%] with all other variables being constant, this would have increased/(decreased) the net assets attributable to unitholders by approximately +/- \$44,302,123 [2023: +/- \$32,396,279].

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty or issuer will fail to perform contractual obligations (i.e. default in either whole or part) under a contract, causing the Fund to make a financial loss.

Market prices generally incorporate credit assessments into valuations, and risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of assets and liabilities as they are marked to market at balance date. The total credit risk for assets including fixed income and equity securities is therefore limited to the amount carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Investment Manager manages the Fund's concentrations of credit risk by adopting a number of procedures, including the following:

- Undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties on recognised and reputable exchanges; and
- Ensuring that OTC counterparties are approved, enter into appropriate contractual documentation, and in some cases provide collateral to fulfil obligations to which they are liable.

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)**

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

The contractual credit risk of assets is represented by the net payments or receipts that remain outstanding, and the cost of replacing the derivative position in the event of a counterparty default. There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired as at balance date.

The Responsible Entity has appointed Morgan Stanley & Co. International Plc ("Morgan Stanley") as both Prime Broker and Custodian to the Fund. Morgan Stanley is subject to regulatory oversight and capital requirements imposed by the Financial Services Authority (UK) and, where applicable to its Australian operations, the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. As at the date of this report, Morgan Stanley has a credit rating of A+ (S&P) for long term and a rating of A-1 (S&P) for short term debt.

The terms of the Prime Broker Agreement provide that Morgan Stanley may utilise custodial assets for its own lending and financing purposes (including to borrow, lend, charge, rehypothecate, and dispose of) up to, but not exceeding, 180% (2023: 180%) of the value of the Fund's outstanding liabilities with Morgan Stanley. These assets are owned by Morgan Stanley in its Prime Broker capacity. Under the terms of the Prime Broker Agreement, Morgan Stanley is obliged to return to the Fund the equivalent custodial assets irrespective of what transpires between it and any third party with whom Morgan Stanley has transacted.

All other custodial assets not subject to the Prime Broking arrangement outlined above are held by Morgan Stanley in its capacity as a Custodian in a segregated asset pool, as is required by the Financial Services Authority (UK). Cash holdings with Morgan Stanley are not subject to this arrangement and are always considered to be held by Morgan Stanley in its Prime Broker capacity.

As at balance date, the maximum value of the Fund's gross assets available to Morgan Stanley for its lending and financing activities is \$14,799,908 (2023: \$71,811,146). This is the maximum value available to Morgan Stanley, however the actual amount utilised by Morgan Stanley may be less. Under the Prime Broker arrangements in place, the amount does not require disclosure by Morgan Stanley. The maximum net exposure to the Prime Broking activities of Morgan Stanley, after offsetting the Fund's outstanding liabilities with Morgan Stanley, approximates \$6,577,737 (2023: \$31,916,065) as at balance date. The credit position of the Fund is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. This risk is mitigated through investing sufficient funds in cash and in instruments that are tradeable in liquid markets, and that are readily convertible to cash, to meet daily operating requirements.

The Constitution of the Fund provides for the daily application and redemption of units, therefore it is exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions at any time. The Constitution of the Fund also allows borrowing from its prime broker, Morgan Stanley & Co. International Plc, to take account of opportunities that may exist in the market.

The Fund's liquidity position is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

(e) Fair value measurements

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

(i) Fair value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, listed equity and credit securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value measurements (continued)

(i) Fair value in an active market (Level 1) (continued)

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are valued with reference to external third party pricing information. These assets and liabilities include: currency forward contracts.

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2024				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equity and credit securities	883,879,054	-	-	883,879,054
Currency forward contracts	-	1,540,375	-	1,540,375
Futures	623,040	-	-	623,040
	884,502,094	1,540,375	-	886,042,469
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Options	219,002	-	-	219,002
	219,002	-	-	219,002
2023				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equity and credit securities	646,746,208	-	-	646,746,208
Currency forward contracts	-	1,179,370	-	1,179,370
	646,746,208	1,179,370	-	647,925,578
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Futures	1,909,655	-	-	1,909,655
Options	1,316,845	-	-	1,316,845
	3,226,500	-	-	3,226,500

(iv) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(v) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying values of collateral accounts, receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
3. Cash and cash equivalents and Interest bearing liabilities		
<i>Cash and cash equivalents</i>		
Cash at bank (Custodian)	64,284,621	11,981,525
Cash at bank	361	-
	64,284,982	11,981,525
<i>Interest bearing liabilities</i>		
Overdraft at Custodian	(8,003,169)	(36,668,581)
	56,281,813	(24,687,056)

Cash overdraft at Custodian is a cash facility offered by the Custodian. The Custodian in its role as Prime Broker has been granted a floating charge over the assets of the Fund to secure any liabilities to the Prime Broker.

PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
4. Receivables		
Dividends and distributions receivable	1,546,388	1,916,272
Interest receivable	17,609	-
GST and other receivables	287,139	171,637
	1,851,136	2,087,909

5. Payables		
Accruals	6,472,919	4,746,008
Interest payable	-	41,341
	6,472,919	4,787,349

6. Changes in net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund classifies a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument meets those criteria.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders per statement of financial position	940,485,980	627,015,028
Less distribution reinvestments	-	-
	940,485,980	627,015,028
Closing Balance		
Number of units on issue at year end	135,405,858	112,323,409
Net assets value per unit at end of year	\$6.9457	\$5.5822

Capital risk management

The Fund manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The value of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund manages its redemption requirements through maintaining either a level of cash and cash equivalents or borrowing capacity to meet daily operating requirements. The Fund's Constitution allows borrowing from its prime broker, Morgan Stanley, to meet operating requirements where needed.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
7. Gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss		
Listed equity and credit securities	149,782,470	170,093,151
Options, swaps and futures	4,092,208	818,301
	153,874,678	170,911,452

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)**

8. Expenses

(a) Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and Fees for outsourced functions

The following fees are charged by the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager:

- (i) Management fees; and
- (ii) Performance fees.

These fees are paid at rates which, after GST and related GST recoveries, results in a cost to the Fund at the rates noted below.

Management fees

Management fees at a rate of 1.09% per annum of the Capital invested in the Fund are assessed and payable on a monthly basis.

The management fee is remitted as follows:

- (i) 1.09% (2023: 0.79%) to the Responsible Entity for responsible entity, administration and investment management services (from 21 December 2023); and
- (ii) 0.0% (2023: 0.3%) to the Investment Manager (until 20 December 2023).

Performance fees

For the Global Companies Fund, the performance fee is equal to 20% p.a. (including GST net of RITC) of any investment return (after the impact of management fees) in excess of the greater of the:

- Reserve Bank of Australia cash rate ("RBA cash rate"), or
- MSCI World Net Return Index (AUD) ("MSCI World"),

subject to a high water mark and calculated on a per-unit basis. The RBA cash rate and MSCI World are the Fund's hurdle rates (each a 'Hurdle Rate').

The performance fee is remitted to the Responsible Entity from 21 December 2023 (Investment Manager until 20 December 2023). Further details of the calculation of these fees can be found in the current offer document. Refer to Note 11 for further details.

(b) Auditor's remuneration

Audit and review of the financial reports
Other services

2024	2023
\$	\$
56,264	53,740
22,074	20,979
78,338	74,719

The auditor's remuneration is an expense of the Responsible Entity. Other services comprise income tax compliance and other compliance services.

9. Reconciliation of Profit for the year to net cash flows from operating activities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Profit for the year	170,509,128	152,484,257
Gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss	(153,874,678)	(170,911,452)
(Gains)/losses on foreign exchange	(5,406,297)	25,348,325
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	195,432	(194,216)
Increase in payables	1,726,911	4,354,239
Net cash flows from operating activities	13,150,496	11,081,153

10. Events subsequent to balance date

During the year, the Fund created two new unit classes. Units in each of these new unit classes have been issued in July 2024. Other than the issue of units in the new unit classes, no other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund in subsequent financial years.

**PM CAPITAL GLOBAL COMPANIES FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 (CONTINUED)**

11. Related party transactions

Details of fees and other expenses paid to the Responsible Entity are set out in Note 8(a) and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Details of fees and other expenses paid to the Investment Manager are set out in Note 8(a) and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

On 20 December 2023, MAPP Pty Limited as trustee for the MAPP Trust ("MAPP") ceased to be the Investment Manager of the Fund. Effective on 20 December 2023, PM Capital assumed investment management services of the Fund. All staff employed by MAPP on 20 December 2023 have accepted roles at PM Capital effective 20 December 2023.

Key management personnel ("KMP")

The Fund does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Fund and this is considered the KMP. The directors of the Responsible Entity are key management personnel of that entity and their names are Brendan O'Connor and Ian Cameron (appointed on 20 December 2023), Rebecca Fesq (appointed on 30 June 2024), Benjamin Skilbeck (resigned on 30 June 2024), Paul Moore and Jarod Dawson (resigned on 20 December 2023).

During the year, the Fund expensed an amount of \$11,086,087 (2023: \$4,797,783) as fees paid or payable to the Responsible Entity and as at balance date an amount of \$6,472,919 (2023: \$415,483) owing to the Responsible Entity is included in accruals and is interest free.

Also during the year, the Fund expensed an amount of \$4,707,852 (2023: \$6,903,292) as fees paid or payable to the Investment Manager and as at balance date an amount of \$nil (2023: \$4,330,525) owing to the Investment Manager is included in accruals and is interest free.

No compensation is paid directly by the Fund to any of the key management personnel of the Responsible Entity.

Number of investment interests held

All transactions with related parties are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions, with the exception of management fee rebates to certain related parties by the Responsible Entity. Where the rebate is paid directly to the Fund, it is then included in other income by the Fund. From time to time the Responsible Entity may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors.

There were no investment interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its related parties (2023: Nil).

Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of PM Capital Global Companies Fund

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of PM Capital Global Companies Fund ("the Fund") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Responsible Entity ("the directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

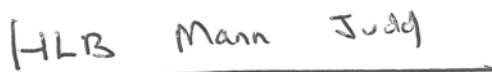
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Responsible Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



HLB Mann Judd
Chartered Accountants

Sydney, NSW
26 September 2024



S Grivas
Partner